WHERE should I look?
Non-melanoma skin cancers can occur on any part of the body, but are most common on areas of skin that are most often exposed to the sun such as your head and neck (including lips and ears) and the backs of your hands. They can also appear where the skin has been damaged by X-rays, and on old scars, ulcers, burns and persistent wounds.

WHAT should I look for?
Non-melanoma skin cancers vary greatly in what they look like. They tend to appear gradually on the skin, and slowly get bigger over time. They will not go away on their own without treatment.

WHAT should I do if I find something?
If you notice any of the warning signs listed on this leaflet, or if you are worried about any other changes taking place on your skin, even if they are not the same as those described here, you should tell your doctor as soon as possible.
If your doctor thinks you have a skin cancer or is not sure, they can refer you for free through the NHS to see a skin cancer specialist, usually a Consultant Dermatologist, who is an expert in diagnosing and treating skin cancer.

Some of the possible signs to look out for include:

- **A scab or sore that won’t heal. It may also bleed occasionally**
- **A scaly or crusty patch of skin that looks red or inflamed**
- **A flesh coloured, pearly lump that won’t go away and appears to be growing in size**
- **A lump on the skin which is getting bigger and that may be scabby**
- **A growth with a pearly rim surrounding a central crater, a bit like an upturned volcano**

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KNOW THE FACTS ABOUT COMMON SKIN CANCERS

There are two main kinds of skin cancer: melanoma, and non-melanoma. This leaflet deals specifically with the more common, non-melanoma types of skin cancer. The biggest cause of skin cancer is too much exposure to UV light from the sun or sunbeds.

Non-melanoma skin cancers are not connected to moles and are less serious than melanoma because they are less likely to spread to other parts of the body. Most can be effectively treated and cured if detected early.

The two most common types of non-melanoma skin cancer are called Basal Cell Carcinoma (BCC), and Squamous Cell Carcinoma (SCC).

**BASAL CELL CARCINOMA (BCC)** is the most common type of skin cancer in the UK. It is very slow growing and very rarely, if ever, spreads to other parts of the body. Treatment becomes more complicated if a BCC has been neglected for a long time, or if it is an awkward place such as near the eye, nose or ear. It is important to get a BCC treated early to stop it from growing back.

**SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA (SCC)** is the second most common type of skin cancer in the UK. It usually grows slowly, and is less likely than melanoma to spread to other parts of the body. However, it is more serious than a BCC because if left untreated there is a small risk (2-10%) that it can spread to other parts of the body, which could be fatal.